



INOWROCLAW

It's beautiful



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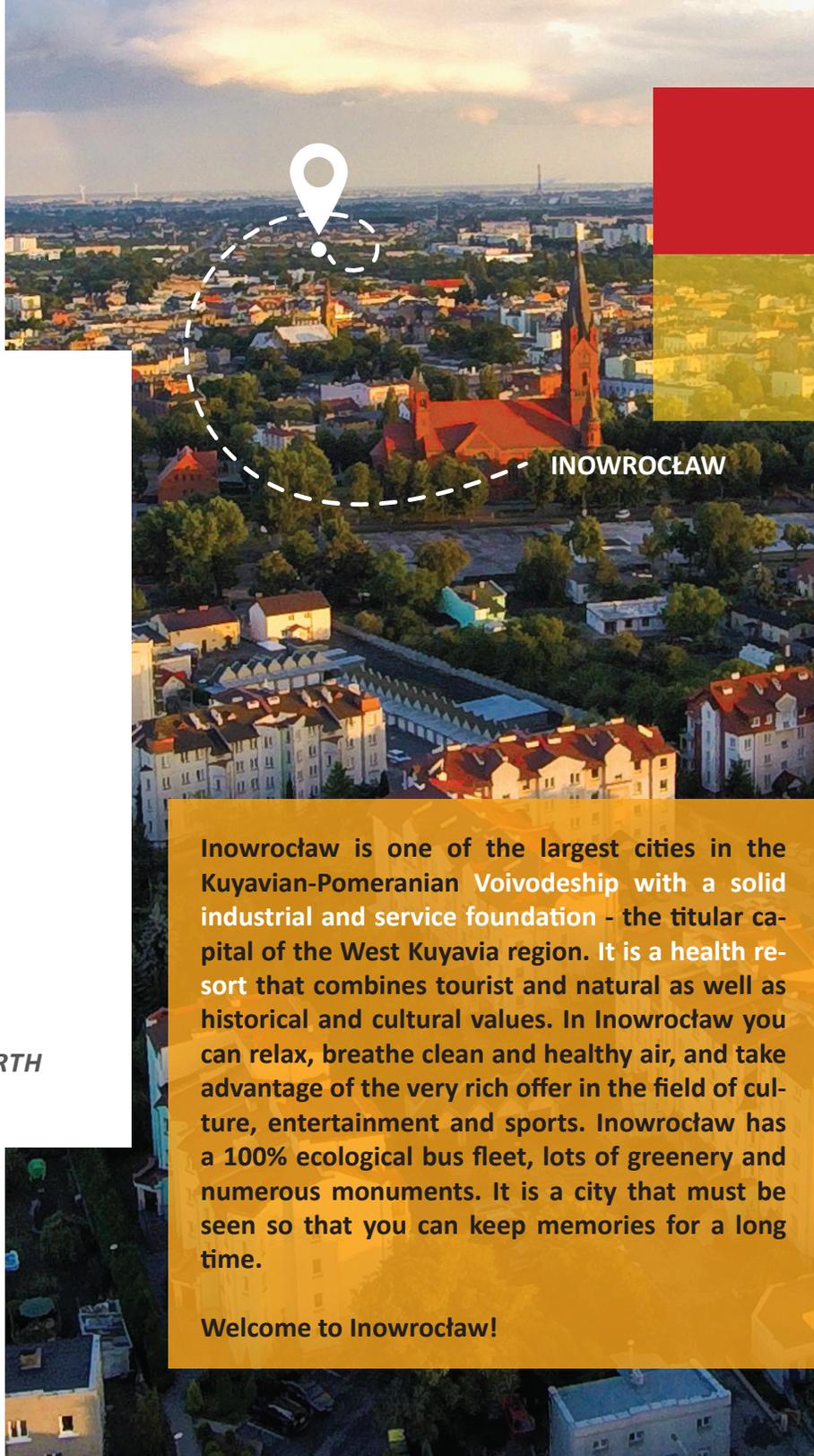
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MAP



Inowrocław is one of the largest cities in the Kuyavian-Pomeranian Voivodeship with a solid industrial and service foundation - the titular capital of the West Kuyavia region. It is a health resort that combines tourist and natural as well as historical and cultural values. In Inowrocław you can relax, breathe clean and healthy air, and take advantage of the very rich offer in the field of culture, entertainment and sports. Inowrocław has a 100% ecological bus fleet, lots of greenery and numerous monuments. It is a city that must be seen so that you can keep memories for a long time.

Welcome to Inowrocław!

Saline Park (Park Solankowy) with an area of approx. 85 ha is a flagship of Inowrocław. In the area of the park, there are spa facilities, a graduation tower, a band shell, the “Inowrocławianka” Pump Room – Palm House, Gardens of Scents and recreational areas.

The entrance to the park is decorated with a **peacock sculpture** that serves as a sundial. It is surrounded by colourful flower beds, and after dark it is illuminated with multi-coloured lights, giving it a fairy-tale look. A bit further, near the band shell, there is a monument to the co-founder of the Saline Park, Zygmunt Wilkoński. Then, we pass the impressive building of the Natural Therapy Centre, erected in the years 1928-1929, where various medical treatments were performed. Right next to it, we can see the statue of General Władysław Sikorski, sitting on a bench, from where he has a beautiful view of the flower carpet. In front of the Natural Therapy Centre, there is a band shell where numerous concerts take place.

Walking further towards the graduation tower, we can see a seasonal exhibition of paintings with colourful umbrellas hanging in the pergola.

Moving deeper into the Saline Park, we will reach a charming pond with a wooden bridge that will lead us to the entrance to the **graduation tower in Inowrocław**, which is a must-see when visiting Solanki. It was built for health purposes. It was created from two connected polygons with a perimeter of 322 meters. It is 9 meters high. There is an observation deck at the top of the graduation tower, from which you can admire the panorama of the Saline Park. It is worth mentioning that the Graduation Tower in Inowrocław was one of the 7 New Wonders of Poland 2014 announced by the National Geographic.

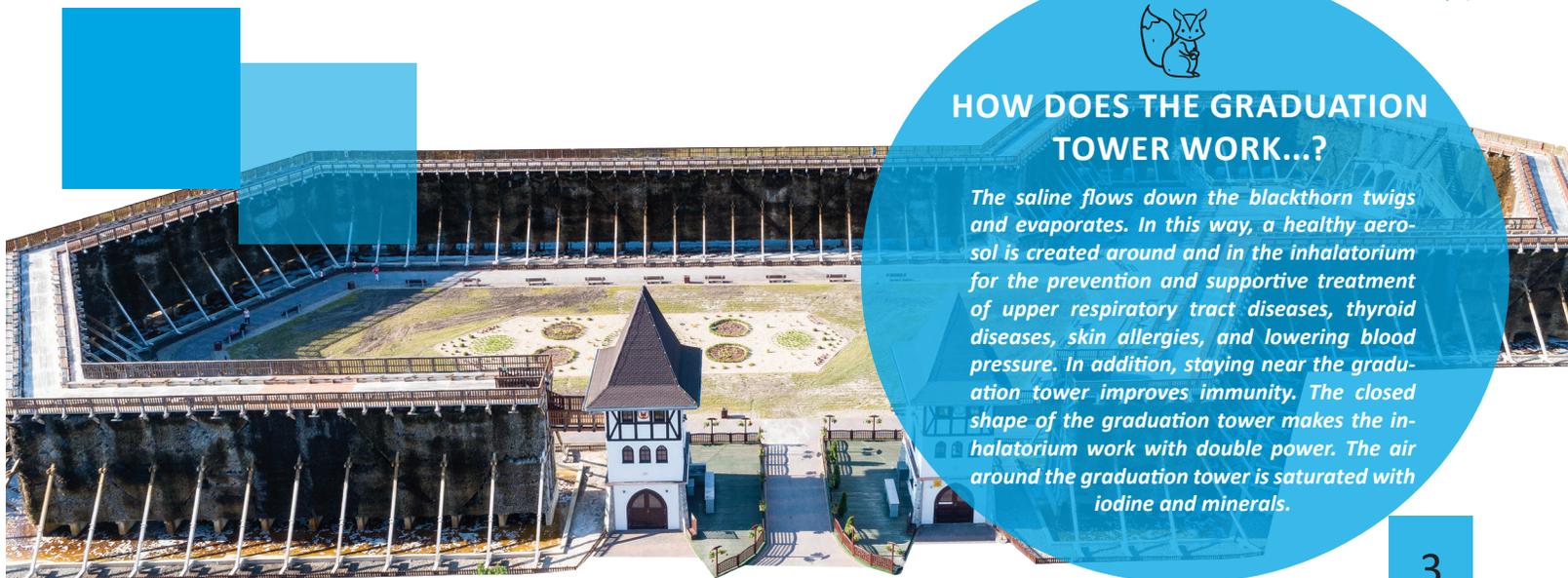


SALINE PARK



HOW DOES THE GRADUATION TOWER WORK...?

The saline flows down the blackthorn twigs and evaporates. In this way, a healthy aerosol is created around and in the inhalatorium for the prevention and supportive treatment of upper respiratory tract diseases, thyroid diseases, skin allergies, and lowering blood pressure. In addition, staying near the graduation tower improves immunity. The closed shape of the graduation tower makes the inhalatorium work with double power. The air around the graduation tower is saturated with iodine and minerals.



The **Gardens of Scents and Colours** are located further in the park. From early spring, roses, peonies and herbs delight with their colours on the circular flower beds. It is a beautiful walking spot, located near Oaks Avenue and in a close proximity of the “Inowrocławianka” Pump Room Palm House. It is worth visiting, taking a walk along the beautiful alleys among trees and shrubs and trying aromatherapy. **Oaks Avenue** is a place where famous guests of the city planted a tree to commemorate their stay in Inowrocław. In front of each of them there is a sign telling who planted them and when. The first tree belongs to actress Irena Kwiatkowska.



Another place worth seeing is the **“Inowrocławianka” Pump Room - Palm House**. It is the first palm house in the Kuyavian-Pomeranian Voivodeship. Its exotic climate is comprised by rich tropical vegetation. In the Pump Room, you can taste the waters from the “Inowrocławianka” and “Jadwiga” boreholes. “Inowrocławianka” is a crystal water rich in magnesium, calcium, sodium and iodine. The minerals it contains are essential for people who practice sports, they support the proper functioning of the thyroid gland and muscles, and have a beneficial effect on the condition of the skin, hair and nails. “Inowrocławianka” is also called the water of the youth. “Jadwiga”, on the other hand, is medicinal water that can improve the functioning of the liver and pancreas.



Floral carpet with pergola

In the “Inowrocławianka” Pump Room - Palm House there is the only Mother-in-law Monument in Poland, which presents a charming old lady in a huge hat with a dog on her lap.



In addition, in the building of the “**Inowrocławianka**” Pump Room - Palm House there is the Kuyavian Hut, which presents the interior of the Kuyavian house of the nineteenth century. In the vicinity of the “Inowrocławianka” Pump Room - Palm House, there are **Papal Gardens**, which were opened on the 30th anniversary of the election of Karol Wojtyła as pope. Their architectural layout resembles the Vatican Gardens.

At the end of our visit in the saline park, while walking on beautiful routes, it is worth seeing the so-called **New Saline Park** where, in fine weather, you can sunbathe on the beach by the pond or have a barbecue at a dedicated spot.

Walking from the Saline Park to the city center along Solankowa Street, on the cornices of tenement houses, you can see squirrels (made of bronze), which, due to their large number in the park, have become an imaginary symbol of Inowrocław.



At Solankowa Street there is the **Jan Kasprówic Museum** with a very rich collection of Jan Kasprówic memorabilia and the largest collection of manuscripts and first editions of works by Stanisław Przybyszewski in Poland. The museum also houses exhibitions on the history of Inowrocław and Kuyavia, as well as collections of archaeological works carried out in the area and paintings from the Young Poland period. The Panorama of Inowrocław, which presents the appearance of the city from several centuries ago, deserves the attention of tourists.



Another point worth seeing on the map of Inowrocław is the **Market Square**, which is the central square in the city, surrounded by tenement houses from the second half of the 19th and early 20th centuries. Formerly, there was a town hall tower in the Market Square, now there is a monument of the city patron - Queen Jadwiga and a fountain with colourful lighting and water jets, which delights with beautiful music and light shows 3 times a day. There are many cyclical events organized by the city at the Market Square, including Art Ino Festival and Queen Jadwiga's Day, as well as many other.

A historic **tram** is located right next to the Market Square at Świętego Ducha Street. It is a memento of the "bimbo", a tram that used to run around Inowrocław. In a place where the route ran, you can still see a fragment of the tracks.

In the vicinity of the Market Square at Kasztelańska Street, in a characteristic blue tenement house, you can see an interesting archaeological exhibition "**Askaukalis**" - a settlement located on the amber road running through the present Inowrocław. This is a must-see for history and archaeology lovers. The exhibition presents valuable finds from Inowrocław and the surrounding area, discovered during archaeological research.

While walking down Królowej Jadwigi Street you can find **the bouquets** (żaczki) made of bronze. These figures of Inowrocław are just over a meter high and are dressed in medieval costumes. Their task is to indicate places worth seeing. On Królowej Jadwigi Street, we can find as many as three figures: at the Market Square, next to the historic post office and at the entrance to the Monastery Square. Another two the bouquets can be found at the entrance to Solanki, near the peacock.



Theater Municipal

The next point of our walk will be the building of the **Theater Municipal**, where the **Primate Józef Glemp Institute** is located, in which souvenirs and valuables used by the Primate born in Inowrocław are collected. The Institute is located in several thematic rooms, including library, audiovisual, Primate's office and the so-called Kuyavian room.

Moreover, the building of the Theater houses the **Salt Industry Exhibition**. It is a permanent exhibition referring to the no longer existing mine. The exhibition consists of ten rooms, presenting various aspects of Inowrocław soloism at the turn of the century. While visiting the exhibition, you can imagine the atmosphere in the mine, thanks to the fact that the walls are covered with rock salt. In addition, you can take a ride in an elevator stylized as a mining shaft and watch a documentary which was prepared before the mine was flooded, showing its undisputed beauty.



A fragment of a **medieval defensive wall** has been preserved right next to the Theater building. It is also one of the sites on the Piast Trail.

Model of franciscan monastery

Near the Theater, on the Klasztorny Square, where there used to be a Franciscan monastery, today there is a bronze model of it. The monastery was erected in the years 1237-1238 and was the third largest Franciscan monastery in Poland. The monastery was founded by Prince Kazimierz the Kuyavian. The monastery buildings were demolished in 1821, and the monastery furnishings were given to the temples located in the city.

St. Nicholas Church

The parish church in Inowrocław, was built in the Gothic style. It is located on the Piast Trail. Inside the church, you can admire monuments of sacred art. In this church, in 1860, Jan Kasprowicz was baptized. In addition, it was in this church in 1397 that Queen Jadwiga negotiated with the grand master of the teutonic knights, Konrad von Jungingen, on the peaceful settlement of the dispute. According to a legend, in this church, Jadwiga (then a 24-year-old queen) was to predict defeat for the Teutonic Knights. Opposite the church, on the wall of the tenement house, you can see a mural referring to the history of Inowrocław. It presents Prince Kazimierz Konradowic, the founder of Inowrocław, father of Władysław Łokietek, who was also born in Inowrocław.



St. Nicholas Church

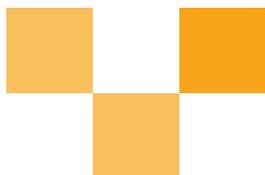
The Church of the Annunciation to the Blessed Virgin Mary

Is a neo-Romanesque temple founded at the beginning of the 20th century. The initiator of its founding was Bishop Antoni Laubitz. It is the tallest and largest church in Inowrocław, its tower is 77 meters high. There are bas-reliefs in the church made by the Poznań artist Władysław Marcinkowski and they refer to Polish national traditions and the Piast roots of the city.



DO YOU KNOW THAT...?

**JÓZEF GLEMP, THE PRIMATE
OF POLAND, WAS BAPTIZED
IN THIS CHURCH.**



*The Church of the
Annunciation to the Blessed
Virgin Mary*

The Blessed Virgin Mary Minor Basilica

Is the oldest and most valuable monument in Inowrocław, located on the Piast Trail. The church was built in the Romanesque style. The church is single-nave and oriented, which means that the chancel is located on its eastern side. From the west, it is closed by two towers, and from the east by a semicircular apse. In 1834, the church burned down almost completely. After the fire, it was for many times unsuitable for religious functions, therefore it received the colloquial name „Ruin”. The bas-reliefs depicting people, devils and animals on the outer walls deserve special attention. The church is modestly equipped, the Gothic sculpture of the Smiling Madonna, located in the main altar is the most valuable item.



*The Blessed Virgin
Mary Minor Basilica*

City Hall Building

Was built in the years 1907-1908 in the neo-Gothic style. The building houses local government administration rooms and a Wedding Hall. In the post-war years it was the seat of the poviat authorities, and now it is the seat of the City Council and the City Hall. The most beautiful is the session room on the first floor with the city's coat of arms and sgraffito pictures about the history of the city.



City Hall Building

EVERY YEAR, TOURISTS AND RESIDENTS ARE ATTRACTED BY NUMEROUS FESTIVALS AND EVENTS ORGANIZED IN INOWROCŁAW.



ART INO FESTIWAL

Is an annual event organized in July at the Market Square. It is a tradition that on the weekend of the Art Ino Festival, a colourful umbrella alley appears on Królowej Jadwigi Street.



IT'S WORTH KNOWING, IT'S WORTH BEING HERE

INO ROCK FESTIWAL

Is a cyclical event, organized in August, during which well-known and valued rock artists perform. Festival concerts take place in the Summer Theater.



INOWROCŁAW MUSICAL SUMMER

Is a series of summer musical events that take place in the band shell and the Summer Theater, during which we can admire the performances of both soloists and bands from all over the country.



IT'S WORTH KNOWING, IT'S WORTH BEING HERE

ARLEKINADA

In March, Inowrocław hosts the Arlekinada - the National Festival of Small Theater Forms, attended by young artists from all over Poland.





NATIONAL FESTIVAL OF YOUTH BRASS BANDS

An artistic event that has become fixed in the calendar of summer cultural events in Inowrocław. The festival is a competition, bands compete in three categories: march, parade drill and stage presentations. Every year, the festival is accompanied by a parade through the streets of the city and a concert with the participation of brass bands.



INOWROCŁAW IS ALSO A CITY OF SPORT WHERE MANY SPORTS EVENTS TAKE PLACE. THE MOST IMPORTANT ARE:

PIAST RUNNING FESTIVAL

The event is related to the Piast Trail. The competitors run from Kruszwica to Inowrocław covering the distance of the half-marathon. As part of the event, there are also runs over shorter distances of 5 and 10 kilometers.

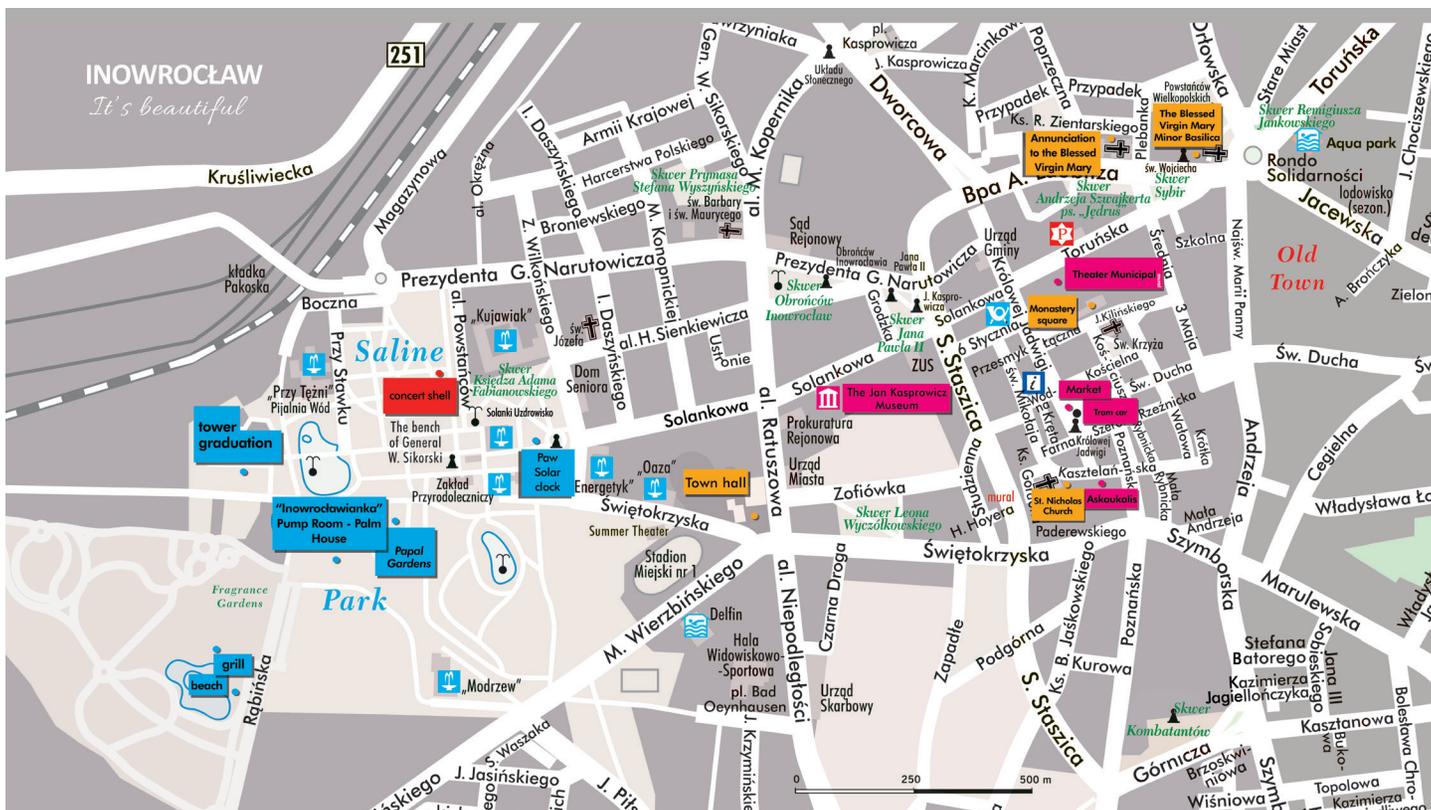
SALINE NIGHTMARE

Are steeplechases in Solanki over a distance of 5 and 10 kilometers. There are several dozen obstacles on the route of the run and you need to show great enthusiasm, strength and energy to overcome them. There are also special routes for children and teenagers.

THE INDEPENDENCE RUN

Is a sports event commemorating the restoration of Poland's independence. Participants have a distance of 5 kilometers to cover. The route runs, among others along streets named after the November holiday and ends at the Sports and Entertainment Hall.





LEGEND



CULTURAL INOWROCLAW



INOWROCLAW HEALTH RESORT



INOWROCLAW HISTORICAL TREASURES



IT'S WORTH KNOWING, IT'S WORTH BEING HERE



museum



church



Tourist and Cultural Information Inowrocław



monument



fountain



pool

WELCOME



THE CITY OF INOWROCŁAW

**TOURIST AND CULTURAL
INFORMATION**

st. Królowej Jadwigi 3
www.kckino.pl

**INOWROCŁAW
TOWN HALL**

av. Ratuszowa 36
www.inowroclaw.pl

 Miasto Inowrocław

 Miasto Inowrocław